

Codebook:

Pandemics and Political Development: The Electoral Legacy of the Black Death in Germany

World Politics, Vol. 73, No. 3 (July 2021)

Daniel W. Gingerich & Jan P. Vogler

Part 4: Early Nineteenth-Century Prussia

Variables and Sources:

Variable	Label	Source
<i>Kreiskey1800</i> : Numerical Indicator Reflecting Artificial Aggregate Geographic Units Created to Compare Prussian Counties Across Different Time Periods	kreiskey1800	Becker et al. (2014)
<i>Kreiskey1871</i> : Numerical Indicator Reflecting Actual Prussian Counties in 1871	kreiskey1871	Becker et al. (2014)
Total Number of Farms with a Size of more than 300 Prussian Morgen (Large Estates) (1816)	land1816_far_ext_ov300	Becker et al. (2014)
Total Number of Farms with a Size between 15 and 300 Prussian Morgen (1816)	land1816_far_ext_15to30	Becker et al. (2014)
Total Number of Farms with a Size of less than 15 Prussian Morgen (1816)	land1816_far_ext_un15	Becker et al. (2014)
Total Population (1816)	pop1816_tot	Becker et al. (2014)
Total Number of Male Agricultural Servants (1819)	occ1819_servant_m_farm	Becker et al. (2014)
Total Number of Female Agricultural Servants (1819)	occ1819_servant_f_farm	Becker et al. (2014)

Proportion of Large Estates (Farms with more than 300 Prussian Morgen) (1816)	prop_large_farms	See the replication file, based on Becker et al. (2014)
Proportion of Agricultural Servants (of Total Population) (1816/1819)	prop_servants_farm	See the replication file, based on Becker et al. (2014)
Prussian County (1871) (Centroid)	Lat	Assigned in ArcGIS based on data provided by the ifo Institute / iPEHD (Becker et al., 2014)
Prussian County (1871) (Centroid)	Long	Assigned in ArcGIS based on data provided by the ifo Institute / iPEHD (Becker et al., 2014)
Distance to the Nearest Medieval Trade City (in km) (from Geographic Unit)	dist_tradecity_km	Computed in ArcGIS based on Hribar (2016)
Distance to the Ocean (North Sea or Baltic Sea) (in km) (from Geographic Unit)	dist_ocean_km	Computed in ArcGIS
Distance to the Nearest Large River (in km) (from Geographic Unit)	dist_river_km	Computed in ArcGIS based on European Environment Agency (2020)
Distance to the Nearest Major Port (in km) (from Geographic Unit)	dist_majport_km	Computed in ArcGIS
Elevation	elevation	Computed in R using the package “geonames” (function <i>GNgetopo30</i>); GeoNames (2020)
Urban Density (1300) (Standardized)	urban_density_norm	Computed in R based on data by Wahl (2019)
BDEI Score v1	BDEI_score	See the replication file, using data by Jedwab et al. (2019)
BDEI Score v2	BDEI_score2	See the replication file, using data by Jedwab et al. (2019)
BDEI Score v3	BDEI_score3	See the replication file, using data by Jedwab et al. (2019)
BDEI Score v4	BDEI_score4	See the replication file, using data by Jedwab et al. (2019)
BDEI Score v5	BDEI_score5	See the replication file, using data by Jedwab et al. (2019)

City Name (of Cities with Recorded Black Death Outbreaks) (in <i>BD Outbreaks Data</i>)	city_jjk	Jedwab et al. (2019)
Country/Region Name (in <i>BD Outbreaks Data</i>)	countryname	Jedwab et al. (2019)
Longitude (in <i>BD Outbreaks Data</i>)	longitude	Jedwab et al. (2019)
Latitude (in <i>BD Outbreaks Data</i>)	latitude	Jedwab et al. (2019)
Population before the Black Death (in <i>BD Outbreaks Data</i>)	preplaguepop	Jedwab et al. (2019)
First Month with a Recorded Black Death Case (in <i>BD Outbreaks Data</i>)	start_month	Jedwab et al. (2019)
First Year with a Recorded Black Death Case (in <i>BD Outbreaks Data</i>)	start_year	Jedwab et al. (2019)
Percent of Local Population Lost Due to the Black Death Pandemic (in <i>BD Outbreaks Data</i>)	mortality	Jedwab et al. (2019)
Intensity of the Black Death / Proportion of Local Population Lost Due to the Black Death Pandemic (in <i>BD Outbreaks Data</i>)	int	Derived from variable “mortality”

Software:

The following software is required to run the replication files:

R, including the following packages:

- a. geosphere
- b. AER

References:

- Becker, Sascha O. et al. (2014). “iPEHD—the Ifo Prussian Economic History Database”. In: *Historical Methods: A Journal of Quantitative and Interdisciplinary History* 47.2, pp. 57–66. doi: [10.1080/01615440.2013.852370](https://doi.org/10.1080/01615440.2013.852370).
- European Environment Agency (2020). *WISE Large Rivers and Large Lakes*. <https://www.eea.europa.eu/data-and-maps/data/wise-large-rivers-and-large-lakes>, accessed March 21, 2021.
- GeoNames (2020). *GeoNames Geographical Database*. <http://www.geonames.org/>, accessed March 22, 2021.
- Hribar, Georgeanne (2016). *Medieval European Trade Cities*. <https://www.arcgis.com/home/item.html?id=6e1f6f76cd57498185cd7c0c3ee608eb>, accessed April 4, 2021.
- Jedwab, Remi, Noel D. Johnson, and Mark Koyama (2019). “Negative Shocks and Mass Persecutions: Evidence from the Black Death”. In: *Journal of Economic Growth* 24.4, pp. 345–395. doi: [10.1007/s10887-019-09167-1](https://doi.org/10.1007/s10887-019-09167-1).
- Wahl, Fabian (2019). “Political Participation and Economic Development. Evidence from the Rise of Participative Political Institutions in the Late Medieval German Lands”. In: *European Review of Economic History* 23.2, pp. 193–213. doi: [10.1093/ereh/hey009](https://doi.org/10.1093/ereh/hey009).